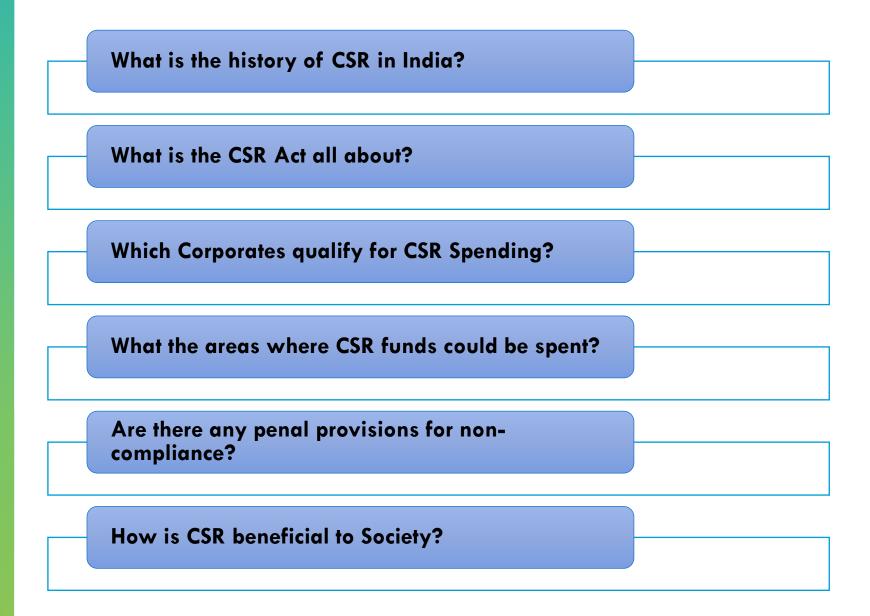
### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

MCRHRD SPECIAL FOUNDATION COURSE, 18<sup>TH</sup> FEB 2021



## PRESENTATION FLOW



### WHAT IS THE HISTORY OF CSR IN INDIA?

- Among the richest traditions of Corporate Social Responsibility in the world
- CSR Term is comparatively new but concept dates back hundreds of years.

#### Charity and Philanthropy

- Influenced by family and religious values, traditions and culture
- During pre-independence era, the pioneers of industrialization like Tata, Birla, Godrej, Bajaj promoted the idea by setting up charitable foundations

#### CSR as Social Development contribution

Influence of Mahatma
 Gandhi during Independence
 struggle on industrialists to
 set up trusts for education,
 social reform, women
 empowerment etc.

## CSR under mixed economy

 PSUs vs Private Enterprises deliberations; private sector becoming more active in socio-economic development activities too

#### CSR in Globalized world

 Liberalization and Privatization gave further impetus to developing CSR as a sustainable business strategy

### WHAT IS THE CSR ACT ALL ABOUT?

#### 2014

2009 Corporate Voluntary Guidelines Released Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 on CSR comes into force, 1<sup>st</sup> country to introduce statutory CSR

#### 2018

2<sup>nd</sup> High Level Committee review on CSR framework

2020 Amendment (COVID relief)

















#### 2012

SEBI mandates top
100 listed
companies to file
Business
Responsibility
Reports

2015, 2016

High Level
Committee
recommendations on
CSR framework;
Companies Law
Committee reviews

2019

Amendment (National unspent CSR Fund, penal provisions) 2021

Amendment (Increased focus on Governance and Transparency)

## WHICH CORPORATES ARE ELIGIBLE FOR CSR SPENDING?

#### Any Company having in the preceding financial year

- Net Worth > 500 Crore
- Turnover > 1000 Crore
- Net Profit > 5 Crore

- Prescribed CSR Spent: 2% of average net profit of three (3) preceding years,
  - Excess amount spent can be setoff against CSR spending obligation for next 3 years,
     subject to riders
- Through CSR Committee and a stated CSR policy
- Reporting a must in the format provided in the Companies' annual report

# WHAT THE AREAS WHERE CSR FUNDS COULD BE SPENT? (1/2)

Eradication of Hunger, Poverty and Malnutrition, promotion of Healthcare and Sanitation (WASH)

Promotion of Education including Livelihood Enhancement projects

Promotion of Gender Equality, Socio-economic Equality

Safeguarding Environmental Sustainability

Protection of National Heritage, Art and Culture

Measures for the benefit of Armed Forces veterans and their dependents

## WHAT THE AREAS WHERE CSR FUNDS COULD BE SPENT?(2/2)

Promotion of Sports: rural, nationally recognized sports, Paralympic and Olympic sports

Contribution to PM's
National Relief Fund or any
other fund setup for socioeconomic development

Promotion of Research and Development projects in STEM, by a State or Central undertaking

Contributions to Public Funded Universities

Promotion of Rural
Development and Slum Area
Development

**Disaster Management** 

Other matters as may be prescribed

## WHAT THE AREAS WHERE CSR FUNDS CAN NOT BE SPENT?

Activities during normal course of business (except COVID 19 related R & D up to the financial year 2022--23, subject to certain conditions); Activity undertaken by the company outside India (except for training of Indian sports personnel) Contribution of any amount directly or indirectly to any political party under section 182 of the Act Activities that significantly benefit the employees of the company, subject to riders Activities supported by the companies on sponsorship basis for deriving marketing benefits Activities carried out for fulfillment of any other statutory obligations under any law in force in India

## ARE THERE ANY PENAL PROVISIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE?

#### **Voluntary to Mandatory**

• In 2020, the Center had introduced monetary and imprisonment provisions for non-compliance

### Following protest from Companies, and post review, new rules introduced in Jan, 2021

- Offence decriminalised vide CAA, 2020
- Company liable to pay penalty twice the amount of default or Rs. 1 cr, whichever is less
- Every officer liable to pay penalty @ 10% of default or Rs. 2 lacs, whichever is less

#### Focus on Transparency and Accountability

- Register their entities conducting CSR obligations
- Conduct Impact Assessment of Large projects
- More leeway in utilization of CSR funds in the spirit of ease-of-doing business

### HOW IS CSR BENEFICIAL TO SOCIETY?



Supplement Government's activities for Societal Development



Focus on Local Community Development



Increased Collaboration for Greater Impact and Learning



Focus on Sustainability and Scalability



**Encourages Innovation** 



Knowledge Management



Multi-fold Value Proposition: Funding, Volunteering, Thought Leadership

## THANK YOU!